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			14 July 1965
	MEMORANDUM	FOR: Director of Centra	l Intelligence
	SUBJECT:	Alternative Arrang Reconnaissance C	gements for the National Mice (NRO)
	arrangements is a line organization essentially staff between these two	The essential differential that one establishes the None, while the other establishes	actors affecting a decision as follows.
	the N devel Under agence resea Comm ment, the de	1) The line responsibility RO under this concept relicopment, production and pir this arrangement CIA, the sies of Government) would such purposes. After decimittee that a design should responsibility would passection. The NRO would haster contracts for the decimiter that a design should have been successful to the decimiter contracts for the decimiter contracts f	ties contemplated for late largely to the engineering, recurement of new systems. The Air Force (and other late allocated funds for late by the Executive late accepted for developant to the NRO for implementing have the staff necessary to
1	to me	2) The advantages of adop to be as follows:	pting this proposal appear
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- (a). The arrangement, as discussed with Mr. Vance, leaves the Agency in control of certain on-going projects (the U-2, CORONA, and probably OXCART and _______, and possibly ISINGLASS). This leaves CIA with enough projects to constitute active participation in the program and keep a competent staff busy with important unilateral responsibilities. As staff advisors to the DCL in his capacity as a member of the Executive Committee, it also affords CIA/DDS&T an adequate opportunity to review and influence the development of the NRP as a whole.
- (b). It affords (through the Executive Committee) adequate opportunity to the DCI to participate in and influence the NRP as a whole. DCI influence and participation would be strengthened by the control which he is afforded, under this proposed arrangement, of the SOC.
- (c). The arrangement is compatible with very strong views expressed by Mr. Vance and would also be compatible with views which have been expressed by members of the President's Board, particularly Dr. Baker.

(3) Disadvantages.

The creation of an NRO along these lines would, to some degree, cut across the existing command responsibilities of both CIA and the Air Force. It also eliminates from GIA certain responsibilities which, if retained, would give CIA stronger control of at least some of the elements of the NRP and would provide greater opportunity for assertion

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of influence over this important program. The proposed location of the D/NRO, under this arrangement, in the office of the Secretary of the Air Force certainly constitutes a threat to the integrity of the program from the point of view of responsiveness to national intelligence purposes.

b. The NRO as a staff responsibility.

(I) Under this arrangement the D/NRO would act essentially as a staff advisor to the Executive Committee and would recommend allocation of the development of new systems to an existing agency (either CIA or the Air Force, or possibly some other military service or agency).

(2) Advantages.

- (a) This conforms to existing command concepts. It is essentially the position we have taken in the negotiations during the past year. It would utilize the competence already established in both the systems command of the Air Force and in CIA.
- (b) It would retain in CIA a clear-cut control over at least some of the payloads and systems required for the exploitation of opportunities for everhead reconnaissance.
- (c) It would be supported by the uniformed Air Force and DD/S&T of CIA.

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(3) Disadvantages.

- (a) It is at least likely that it would perpetuate some of the undesirable features of the competitive attitude existing in CIA, the Pentagon and the Air Force.
- It would meet with very strong opposition from Mr. Vance, who has expressly stated that he would find such an arrangement unacceptable because "it would vest too much power in the Air Force." Mr. Vance's views on this subject appear to me to require very serious consideration, particularly in the light of the reorganisation which has been announced in the civilian management of the Air Force. The appointments of Dr. Brown and Norman Paul appear to me indicative of a strong desire on the part of the Secretary of Defense to assert civilian control over the Air Force. Dr. McMillan's departure can only be regarded as indicative of a desire on the part of the Defense Department to establish a new basis for relations with CIA.
- (c) The President's Board would probably favor alternative a. and hir. Bundy's office would probably find alternative a. a reasonable solution.

2. Recommendation.

I recommend adoption of alternative a. If it is decided to adopt alternative b., then I believe that negotiations with the Defense Department should be initiated by a letter from the DCI, along the lines of the draft attached to alternative b.

Fig. . in A. Bross

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JOHN A. BROSS D/DCI/NIPE